Year 6	Di	vision		
Vocabulary: common factors, prime number, prime factors, composite numbers, short division, square number, cube				
number, inverse, power of. (See previous year groups)				
Concrete	Pictorial	Abstract		
Divide numbers up to 4 digits by two-digit numbers Display remainders in different ways e.g., r 4 or $\frac{4}{5}$ In some examples, recognise some simple decimals e.g., if quotient is $23\frac{3}{4}$, recognise it can also be expressed as 23.75. Remainders can also be expressed as a decimal to 3dp. OR 8524÷ 8 Image: A state of the temperature of the temperature of the temperature of temperature	Divide numbers up to 4 digits by two-digit numbers	Divide numbers up to 4 digits by two- digit numbers Short Division Divide numbers up to 4 -digits by a 2-digit number using a formal written method (short division) and interpret remainders appropriately for the context 496 ÷ 11 becomes 4 5 r 1 1 1 4 9 6 Answer: $45\frac{1}{11}$		
Extend to with remainders.				

	Long Division
	being envision
	432 ÷ 15 becomes
	2 0
	2 8 r12
	1 5 4 3 2
	3 0 0
	1 3 2
	1 2 0
	1 2
	$4 m m m 20^{12}$
	Answer: 20 $\frac{1}{15}$
	Remainders can also be expressed as
	decimals
	432 ÷ 15 becomes
	2 8.8
	301
	$-\frac{3}{1}$ $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{2}$
	1 2 0
	$-\frac{1}{1}$
	1 2 0
	U U
	Angung 29.9
	Answer: 28-8

Divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000	Divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000
36.2 ÷ 10 = 3.62	
Tens Ones tenths hundredths	No written method – mental method only.
Use of place value columns to draw digits and move them across the columns.	
Mental methods and jottings	<u>Factors</u>
Divide mentally drawing upon known number	84 ÷ 20 (halve and divide by 10)
facts.	
Use factors to construct equivalence	84 ÷2 = 42 then 42 ÷ 10 = 4.2
statements.	
Begin to divide hundredths, tenths and 1-	<u>With jottings</u>
digit whole numbers and tenths by 1 and 2-	888 ÷ 24 = 888 ÷ 8 ÷ 3
digit whole numbers.	
<u>Partitioning</u>	
Using distributive law:	
0400 ÷ 0 (5400 ± 6 - 900 , 60 ± 6 - 10, 6 ⋅ 6 - 1	
(0+00+0-900, 00+0-10, 0+0-1)	
	bivide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000 $36.2 \div 10 = 3.62$ 10 = 3.62 10 = 3.62 10 = 3.62 10 = 3.62 Use of place value columns to draw digits and move them across the columns. Use of place value columns to draw digits and move them across the columns. 10 = 1000 bivide mentally drawing upon known number facts. Use factors to construct equivalence statements. Begin to divide hundredths, tenths and 1- digit whole numbers and tenths by 1 and 2- digit whole numbers. 10 = 1000; $10 = 1000$; $10 = 10000$; $10 = 10000$; $10 = 10000$; $10 = 10000$; $10 = 10000$; $10 = 10000$; $10 = 100000$; $10 = 100000$; $10 = 100000$; $10 = 1000000$; $10 = 100000000$; $10 = 100000000000000000000000000000000$

Continue to recall division facts for multiplication	<u>With Jottings</u>	Estimating
tables to 12 x 12 fluently and derive and use	24.5 ÷ 7 = 3.5	Use rounding to check answers to calculation
related facts:		and determine, in the context of a problem,
 560 divided by 7 	21 ÷ 7 = 3	levels of accuracy:
 divide 2.1 by 7 	3.5 ÷ 7 = 0 . 5	4560 ÷ 19 is almost 4560÷ 20
 4500 ÷ 50, what is the quotient? 		Continue to use appropriate strategies to check
 4.64 divided by 4 	So, 3 + 0.5 = 3.5	answers:
		Check by using the inverse.
Identify multiples and factors and common	Doubling and halving	
factors of two numbers and primes.	14.82 ÷ 4 (halve and halve again)	4560 ÷ 19 = 240
	Half of 14.82 = 7.41 (or 7.410); half of	
Use tests of divisibility to decide whether the answer will have a remainder	7.410 = 3.705	240 × 19= 4560
	With jottings:	
	3800 ÷ 500 (divide by 1000 then double)	
	3800 ÷ 1000 = 3.8; double 3.8 = 7.6	