## YEAR 1

## Subtraction

Vocabulary: Subtraction; subtract; take away; minus; distance between; difference between; more than; fewer than; minus; less than; most; least.

| Concrete | Pictorial | Abstract |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Subtract numbers within 10 <br> Counting back: <br> 10-3=7 <br> Using cubes, objects and tens frames. <br> Rekenrek: $\qquad$ <br> Numicon: | Subtract numbers within 10 <br> Counting back: <br> $10-3=7$ <br> - ○○ <br> - 豈察 $8-3=5$ | Mental facts to 10 <br> Counting back: <br> Counting back in ones: <br> $8-3=5$ <br> $8,7,6,5$ <br> One and two less: <br> Of numbers up to 10 . <br> 8-1 = 7 (consecutive numbers) <br> 6-2 $=4$ (Consecutive odd or even numbers) |
| Counting on: (finding the difference) 10-6 = <br> 10 <br> 6 <br> Rekenrek: $\qquad$ 00000 | Counting on: (finding the difference) $10-6=4$ <br> Diennes: <br> $8-3=5$ <br> $00000 Q 0$ | Counting on: $9-7=2$ <br> Hold 7 in your head and count on until 9. The difference is 2 . <br> Number facts/fact families <br> To 10 and 20: $\begin{array}{ll} 10-2=8 & 20-2=18 \\ 10-8=2 & 20-18=2 \\ 2+8=10 & 2+18=20 \\ 8+2=10 & 18+2=20 \end{array}$ |

## Subtract numbers within 20

As above but include:
Numicon:

## $20-7=13$



Rekenrek:
0000000000000

## Dienes:



## Tens frames showing partitioning:

$12-5=7$


Subtract numbers within 20
As above plus:
Dienes jottings:
15-3=12


15-6=9


One ten $=10$ ones

Partitioning:
$12-5=7$


Extending to partitioning 5 into 2 and 3 then -2 and -3 .

## Mental facts to 20 <br> Using known facts and place value <br> If 6-4 = 2 <br> Then 16-4 = 12

## Counting back:

Counting back in ones
$16-5=11$
$16,15,14,13,12,11$

## Counting on:

(see number line above)
15-11=4
Hold 11 in your head and count on until 15.
The difference is 4 .

Partitioning: (Bridging through 10)
11-4
$11-1=10$
$10-3=7$

## Missing Number/Inverse:

$8+\square=19$
$+12=20$

No formal written layout. Children record their maths using pictorial representations, number lines and mathematical statements.

